Military Police

Military Working Dog Program

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UNCLASSIFIED
SUMMARY of CHANGE

DA PAM 190-12
Military Working Dog Program

This revision--

- Updates all points of contact, organizations, and mailing addresses (table 4-1).
- Includes waiver or reception paragraph (para 1-4).
- Includes a description of DD Form 1834 (Military Working Dog Service Record) (para 3-33).
- Adds inventory procedures for explosive training aids (para 5-4b).
- Authorizes exact duplication of any DA or DD forms generated Military Police Management Information System may be used in place of the Office printed version of the form.
Military Police

Military Working Dog Program

History. This UPDATE printing publishes a revision of this publication. Because the publication has been extensively revised, the changed portions have not been highlighted.

Summary. This pamphlet explains policies, procedures, and responsibilities of the U.S. Army Military Working Dog Program.

Applicability. This pamphlet applies to the Active Army, the Army National Guard, and the U.S. Army Reserve. It applies to all personnel who are involved in the care, training, and employment of military working dogs. This regulation applies during partial and full mobilization.

Proponent and exception authority. The proponent of this regulation is the Deputy Chief of Staff for Operations and Plans. The Deputy Chief of Staff for Operations and Plans has the authority to approve exceptions to this regulation that are consistent with controlling law and regulation. The Deputy Chief of Staff for Operations and Plans may delegate this authority in writing to a division chief within the proponent agency in the grade of colonel or the civilian equivalent.

Interim changes. Interim changes to this pamphlet are not official unless they are authenticated by The Administrative Assistant to the Secretary of the Army. Users will destroy interim changes on their expiration dates unless sooner superseded or rescinded.

Suggested improvements. Users are invited to send comments and suggested improvements through established command channels on DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publications and Blank Forms) directly to HQDA (DAMO–ODL), 400 Army Pentagon, Washington, DC 20310–0400.

Distribution. Distribution of this publication is made in accordance with the requirements on DA Form 12–09E, block 2568, intended for command levels A, B, C, D, and E for Active Army, Army National Guard, the U.S. Army Reserve.

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Glossary

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Chapter 1
The Military Working Dog Program

Section I
Purpose and References

1–1. Purpose
This pamphlet explains policies, procedures, and responsibilities for the direction, management, and control of the U.S. Army Military Working Dog (MWD) program. This pamphlet complements, and must be used with, AR 190–12 which prescribes Army policy and requirements. Other primary sources of information include AFR 400–8/AR 700–81/OPNAVINST 10570.1/MCO 20570.1 (hereafter referred to as AR 700–81). This pamphlet provides extensive guidance, standards, and information regarding training and utilization of MWD teams, controlled substances and explosives training aids, veterinary care, kennel facilities, dog handling equipment, and inspections. It provides the commander, the kennelmaster, and the handler with the information needed to maintain a proficient and operationally effective unit MWD program.

1–2. References
Required and related publications and prescribed and referenced forms are listed in appendix A.

1–3. Explanation of abbreviations and terms
Abbreviations and special terms used in this pamphlet are explained in the consolidated glossary.

1–4. Waivers
When provisions of this regulation cannot be met, major Army commands (MACOMs) may request a waiver, as appropriate. Requests for waivers will be forwarded in writing to HQDA(DAMO–ODL–S), 400 Army Pentagon, Washington, DC 20310–0400. Waivers normally will be granted for a period of one year and may be extended only after a review of the circumstances necessitating the extension. Requesting activity will maintain a record of approved waiver.

Section II
Program Concept

1–5. Historical basis
Dogs have been used by people to help protect themselves and their property since ancient times. Trained dogs have been used by most of the world’s military forces since the first military units were organized. From these ancient beginnings, the MWD’s training has been continuously refined to produce a highly sophisticated and versatile extension of the soldier’s own senses. Even the most complex machines remain unable to duplicate the operational effectiveness of a properly trained MWD. The MWD’s unique capabilities are used by the military police (MP) to:

a. Secure installation and property.
b. Help enforce military laws and regulations.
c. Increase the effectiveness of the combat support provided by the MPs.

1–6. The role of the military working dog
Like other highly specialized items of equipment, MWDs complement and enhance the capabilities of the MP. When used by existing MP organizations, MWD teams enable the MP to perform their mission more effectively and, in many cases, with significant savings of manpower, time, and money. MWD teams also provide a strong psychological deterrent to potential offenders.

a. The patrol dog is tolerant of people and can be used in almost any area of an installation including airfields, housing, shopping, and industrial areas. Patrol dog teams are used with law enforcement and security patrols to:

(1) Enhance the rear area protection capability.
(2) Search, scout, and track.
(3) Observe from listening or observation posts.

b. Detection dog teams are trained to detect controlled substances or explosives used to construct explosive devices that threaten, damage, or destroy personnel or property.

c. The MWD team’s specialized capabilities make it one of the most effective tools available to the commander for combat support, security, and law enforcement. As the only live equipment employed Army–wide, the dog’s continuing proficiency depends on realistic daily training and care. Skills which are not practiced or used can be lost. The assignment of dogs and handlers together as active teams is critical to their continuing effectiveness.

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